1 The Transylvania County Board of Education (the "board") acknowledges that instructing 2 students is the primary mission of the school system. Generally, in order to carry out the 3 responsibilities of the school system, teachers and other employees may also be required to 4 perform certain non-instructional and extracurricular duties. Assigned additional duties are 5 considered part of all employees' responsibilities. However, assignment of additional duties to 6 teachers should be minimized to allow time for teachers to plan, collaborate with colleagues, 7 conduct conferences with parents, tutor students, and perform any other activities that have a 8 direct impact on student achievement. Beginning teachers also need adequate opportunities to 9 develop their professional skills and need access to experienced teachers who will provide 10 mentoring to them. In light of these goals, the principal of each school has the authority to assign extracurricular and non-instructional duties as necessary to conduct the business of the 11 12 school, within the following guidelines. 13

14 A. EXTRACURRICULAR DUTIES

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Initially licensed teachers may not be assigned extracurricular duties unless they request the assignments in writing.

1. Extracurricular Duties Defined

Extracurricular duties include those duties performed by a teacher outside the regular school day that involve students and are not directly related to the instructional program. Examples of extracurricular activities for which consent is required include such things as coaching duties, taking tickets at sporting events, and acting as a faculty sponsor for a student club. Extracurricular duties do not include such things as time spent in parent-teacher conferences or activities related to courses taught by the teacher, such as band concerts that are performed as a part of band class.

2. Exceptions Permitted for Compelling Reasons

In cases of compelling need, initially licensed teachers may be required to perform extracurricular duties if the procedures set forth in this paragraph are followed.

a. Compelling Need Defined

A compelling need arises when the principal of a school is not reasonably able to provide adequate supervision by qualified personnel at extracurricular activities without using initially licensed teachers and no initially licensed teachers have volunteered in writing to perform these activities. In determining whether a compelling need exists, it will be assumed that teaching assistants and other non-licensed employees may

44 45 46		in adv	assigned to extracurricular duties unless the assignment is approved ance by the superintendent or designee. Examples of compelling include circumstances when:
47		neeu n	induce chedinistances when.
48		1)	an employee who is scheduled to perform an extracurricular duty is
49		1)	unexpectedly unavailable and the position must be filled quickly;
50			unexpectedly unavailable and the position must be fined quickly,
51		2)	the school principal cannot adequately fill extracurricular duty
52		2)	positions without additional reliance on initially licensed teachers;
53			or
54			01
55		3)	an extracurricular duty must be supervised by individuals with
56		5)	certain experience, skills, or qualifications, and initially licensed
57			teachers are the only qualified staff members who possess the
58			required experience, skills, or qualifications.
59			required experience, skins, or quanteurons.
60	b.	Proces	s for Granting a Compelling Need Waiver
61		11000	s for Grunning a Compening Reed Warter
62		1)	Board Waiver
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64			In cases in which the need for a waiver is reasonably foreseeable
65			and there is an opportunity to bring the matter before the board of
66			education for approval prior to the extra duty, the superintendent
67			shall bring the matter to the board for a decision on the waiver
68			request. The recommendation for a waiver must be in writing and
69			set forth the circumstances requiring the waiver. The board
70			minutes or other documentation will reflect the reasons for
71			granting the waiver.
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73		2)	Superintendent Waiver
74		/	
75			If there is not a scheduled board meeting prior to the need to
76			provide adequate supervision at the extracurricular activity, the
77			superintendent may waive the requirement upon a finding of
78			compelling need. The superintendent shall make a written record
79			of all such waivers and the circumstances for requesting each
80			waiver. At the next regular board meeting, the superintendent shall
81			report to the board any past waivers made and the reasons
82			therefore. If the waiver is for an ongoing activity, the
83			superintendent must seek and obtain board approval to continue
84			the initially licensed teacher in the extracurricular activity in
85			accordance with the procedure in paragraph (1) above.
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EXTRACURRICULAR AND NON-INSTRUCTIONAL DUTIES

87			3)	Principal Waiver				
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89				If there is an exigent need to waive the policy, such as the				
90				unexpected illness or absence of an employee, then the school				
91				principal is authorized to waive the policy temporarily for up to				
92				five days. However, the principal must report the waiver to the				
93				superintendent in writing, setting forth the circumstances requiring				
94				the waiver. The superintendent must approve all waivers over five				
95				days, as provided in paragraph (2) above. The board must approve				
96				all continuing waivers at its next regular meeting, as provided in				
97				paragraph (1) above.				
98								
99			4)	Teacher Access to Records				
100			- /					
101				The teacher may request and is entitled to receive any				
101				documentation regarding waivers requested or granted under this				
102				policy.				
104				poneji				
101	B.	Non-	INSTRUCTIONA	I DUTIES				
105	D.	11011-	InstructionA					
107		Princi	inals shall min	imize the assignment of non-instructional duties to all teachers,				
107			ling initially licensed teachers. Specifically, teachers should not be required to use					
100			daily planning periods on an ongoing and regular basis to supervise students.					
110			ng periods generally should be reserved for course planning and meetings with					
110			• • •	off regarding the instructional program.				
111		ould	professional sta	in regarding the instructional program.				
112		1.	Non-Instruct	tional Duties Defined				
113		1.		ional Duttes Defined				
114			Non instruction	onal duties refer to those duties that are not directly involved with				
115				onal program or the implementation of the current statewide				
117				standards, but that all teachers are expected to do. These duties				
117				things as bus duty, carpool duty, and regular and ongoing use of				
110				ods to monitor hallways and cafeterias. Nothing in this policy				
120				nstrued to relieve teachers of the responsibility to provide for the				
120								
121			•	pervision of students during regular school hours, as necessary to				
			mannann orde	er and discipline in the school.				
123 124		2	Distribution	of Non Instructional Duties				
		2.	Distribution	of Non-Instructional Duties				
125 126			Non instruction	anal dution should be distributed aquitably among ampleyees to the				
126 127				onal duties should be distributed equitably among employees to the				
				is reasonably possible to do so. In assigning non-instructional				
128				leration should be given to the need for initially licensed teachers to				
129			nave adequat	te professional development, planning time, and access to more				

experienced teachers who can share their expertise. Principals are responsible for
structuring these opportunities in a way that will be beneficial to the students and
employees at their schools.

134 C. EVALUATION

The failure of an initially licensed teacher to volunteer to perform extracurricular duties is not appropriate grounds to lower the teacher's evaluation or just cause for a less than proficient evaluation rating of an initially licensed teacher, provided that the teacher has conducted himself or herself in a professional manner when declining to accept extracurricular duties. However, a teacher's failure to perform an assigned noninstructional or extracurricular duty in a competent and professional manner may be considered as a part of the teacher's evaluation.

- Legal References: G.S. 115C-47(18a), -301.1; State Board of Education Policy TCP-A-004
- 146 Cross References:
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- 148 Adopted:
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