All schools will participate in federal National Child Nutrition Programs and will receive commodities donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. All federal and state revenues will be accepted and applied to maximize the use of such funds for the purposes of providing nutritional meals to students at the lowest possible price. The superintendent or designee shall develop procedures as necessary to implement the operational standards established in this policy.

## A. OPERATIONAL STANDARDS

The school nutrition services program will be operated in a manner consistent with board the goals of the Transylvania County Board of Education (the "board") and board policy. The program also will be operated in compliance with all applicable state and federal law, including requirements of the National School Lunch Program and all federal guidelines established by the Child Nutrition Division of the United States Department of Agriculture. Specific legal requirements that must be met include, but are not limited to, the following.

- 1. No child will be discriminated against because of race, sex, color, national origin, disability, age, or eligibility status for free and reduced price meals.
- 2. The school nutrition services program will meet safety and sanitation requirements established in local, state, and federal rules and guidelines for school nutrition services programs.
- 3. The school nutrition services program will have a written food safety program that includes a hazard analysis critical control point plan for each school.
- 4. Menu preparation, purchasing, and related record keeping will be consistent with applicable state and federal rules and guidelines.
- 5. Banking, financial record keeping, budgeting, and accounting will be conducted in accordance with generally accepted practices and procedures, as dictated by the School Budget and Fiscal Control Act and in accordance with state and federal guidelines.
- 6. Commodity foods donated by the United States Department of Agriculture will be used and accounted for in accordance with federal regulations.
- 7. Preference will be given in purchasing contracts to high-calcium foods and beverages, as defined in G.S. 115C-264.1 and to foods grown or raised within North Carolina.

- 8. Child Nutrition Program (CNP) funds will be used only for the purposes authorized by law. Indirect costs, as defined by law, will not be assessed to the CNP unless the program has a minimum of one month's operating balance.
- 9. The price for meals will be determined in accordance with federal law.
- 10. Nonprogram foods will be priced to generate sufficient revenues to cover the cost of those items. A nonprogram food is defined as a food or beverage, other than a reimbursable meal or snack, that is sold at the school and is purchased using funds from the child nutrition account.
- 11. All school nutrition services will be operated on a non-profit basis for the benefit of the CNP. School nutrition services are those that are operated from 12:01 a.m. until the end of the last lunch period.
- 12. All income from the sale of food and beverages that is required by law or regulation to be retained by the CNP will be deposited to the CNP account and will be used only for the purposes of the school's non-profit lunch and breakfast programs. All funds from food and beverage sales not otherwise required by law to be deposited to the CNP account will be deposited into the proper school account in accordance with guidelines developed by the superintendent or designee.
- 13. All competitive foods sold on school campuses will meet federal and state standards for nutrient content.

## B. MEAL CHARGES

Students who are required to pay for meals are expected to provide payment in a timely manner. The board recognizes, however, that students occasionally may forget or lose their meal money. In the event that a student is unable to pay for a meal on a particular day, the student may charge a reimbursable meal. A student carrying a negative balance of \$7.00 in a meal account will not be permitted to accrue additional charges until the negative balance drops below \$2.25. The student will be served a reimbursable meal while the child nutrition director and principal work to collect unpaid meal charges. Instead the student will be served a designated alternate meal provided at no cost to the student. Appropriate modifications to the alternative meal will be made when required by the student's documented special dietary needs. The board therefore directs the superintendent to develop a procedure to manage situations in which students are unable to pay for a meal on a particular day. To safeguard the dignity and confidentiality of students in the serving line, reasonable efforts must be used whenever possible to avoid calling attention to a student's inability to pay.

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The child nutrition director and principal shall work jointly to prevent meal charges from accumulating and shall make every effort to collect all funds due to the child nutrition program on a regular basis and before the end of the school term. Notices of low or negative balances in a child's meal account will be sent to parents and the principal at regular intervals during the school year. If a parent regularly fails to provide meal money and does not qualify for free meal benefits, the child nutrition director shall inform the principal, who shall determine the next course of action, which may include notifying the department of social services of suspected child neglect and/or taking legal steps to recover the unpaid meal charges. Parents are expected to pay all meal charges in full by the last day of each school year. Negative balances on student accounts will be carried forward to the following school year. However, the superintendent shall ensure that federal child nutrition funds are not used to offset the cost of unpaid meals and that the CNP is reimbursed for bad debt resulting from uncollected student meal charges prior to the end of the September 30 each year. Unpaid meal charges that remain unpaid will be classified as bad debt, and the school system will continue to hold a student and/or the student's parent or guardian liable for such debt, including through legal action, as appropriate.

This policy and any applicable procedures regarding meal charges must be communicated to school administrators, school food service professional, parents, and students. Parents will be provided with a written copy of the meal charges policy and any applicable procedures in the Student Handbook at the start of each school year and at any time their child transfers into a new school during the school year.

The superintendent or designee shall establish other procedures as appropriate to help ensure compliance with board policy and legal requirements.

- Legal References: Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. 1771 *et seq.*; National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. 1751 *et seq.*, 2 C.F.R. pt. 200; 7 C.F.R. pt. 210; 7 C.F.R. pt. 215; 7 C.F.R. pt. 220; United States Department of Agriculture Policy Memos SP 46-2016 and 47-2016, available at http://childnutrition.ncpublicschools.gov/regulations-policies/usda-policy-
- 117 <u>memos/2016/2016usda-policymemos</u>; <del>2 C.F.R. pt. 225, App. B;</del> G.S. 115C-47(7), -47(22), -263, 118 -264, -264.1, -426, -450, -522; 147, art. 6E; 16 N.C.A.C. 6H .0104; State Board of Education Policy TCS-S-000
  - Cross References: Parental Involvement (policy 1310/4002), Goals of School Nutrition Services (policy 6200), School Meal and Competitive Foods Standards (policy 6230), Goals of the Purchasing Function (policy 6400)