## A. **PRINCIPLES**

1

2 3

4

5

6

7

8

9

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

25

36

Principals, assistant principals, teachers, and other instructional staff at each school are responsible for designing and implementing strategies to reach the educational goals of the Transylvania County Board of Education (the "board"). Input from the school community, including parents, students, and representatives from businesses and other agencies, is critical in developing an educational program that will meet the needs of the students and the community.

10 The board affirms the General Assembly's belief that all children can learn and that the 11 mission of public schools is to challenge, with high expectations, each child to learn, 12 achieve, and fulfill his or her potential.

Accordingly, the board has established in its policies its vision, standards, and means of accountability for the educational program. The superintendent shall provide guidance and establish any other standards necessary for effective implementation of the board's policies. Principals shall lead each school in implementing the policies. The school improvement plan is one tool that school administrators should use to draw upon the creativity and innovation of the staff and the community. This plan, in its two parts, should identify the school's efforts to improve student performance and reach the educational goals of the board.

## 23B.Development of Part One of the School Improvement Plan: State Program24For School-Based Management and Accountability

26 The board endorses the principles set forth by the State Board of Education that all 27 children need to master basic skills and knowledge and build upon this foundation for 28 lifelong learning. Therefore, in Each school must develop a school improvement plan 29 that considers the goals set out in the mission statement for the public schools adopted by 30 the State Board of Education ("State Board") and the annual performance goals for that 31 school as established by the State Board under G.S. § 115C-105.35. In developing their 32 school improvement plans, all schools should ensure, to the extent possible, that 33 sufficient resources and curricula are directed toward meeting the goal of having all 34 students performing at grade level or higher in the basic subject and skill areas identified 35 by the State Board.

37 The board also expects schools to be guided by the educational goals of the board. The 38 board encourages schools to consider innovative means of educating students to meet 39 educational goals. Many board policies provide an opportunity for a school to 40 incorporate innovative ideas into its school improvement plan; however, if a school 41 would like to try an innovative method that requires deviation from board policy, the 42 school may submit a request to the board for a waiver of the board policy. (See also 43 policy 2400, Board Policies.) Any waiver request must identify the particular board 44 policy that inhibits the school's ability to improve student performance, set out with

specificity the circumstances under which the waiver may be used, and explain how the requested waiver will permit the school to improve student performance. The board will consider such requests to the extent the waiver is permissible by law and likely to result in improved student performance at the school.

- 1. School Improvement Team
- 50 51 52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59 60

61

62

63

64

65

66 67

68

69 70

71

72 73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80 81

82 83

84 85

86

87

88

45

46

47 48

49

Each school must have a school improvement team that develops the school improvement plan. The school improvement team must follow all legal requirements for developing and obtaining school approval of the school improvement plan. School improvement teams also must be familiar with state and local board requirements related to managing and using fiscal resources and must comply with these requirements in developing and implementing school improvement plans.

The school improvement team will consist of the principal, representatives of the assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel and teacher assistants assigned to the school building, and parents of students attending the school. Each group of school personnel shall elect representatives from their respective group by secret ballot. Parents are to be elected in accordance with G.S. 115C-105.27(a). The school improvement team is encouraged to involve and seek assistance from central office personnel. The school improvement team, especially at the middle and high schools, also is encouraged to seek input from students. The superintendent shall provide guidance to principals to ensure that the principals establish and work together with school improvement teams to develop, review, and amend school improvement plans.

The school improvement team shall follow all legal requirements in developing and obtaining school approval of the school improvement plan. School improvement team meetings will be held at a convenient time to facilitate substantial parent participation. The principal shall ensure that the school improvement team, as a public body, complies with the Open Meetings Law in regard to its meetings. Deliberations on the school safety components of the plan must be in closed session in accordance with G.S. 143-318.11(a)(8).

2. Mandatory Components of the State Plan

A school improvement plan must include the following components.

The plan must specify the effective instructional practices and methods to a. be used to improve the academic performance of students identified as at risk of academic failure or at risk of dropping out of school.

89	b.	The plan must take into consideration the minimum annual performance
90		goal established by the State Board and the goals set out in the mission
91		statement for public schools adopted by the State Board of Education.
92		
93	с.	The plan must be, to the greatest extent possible, data driven. The team
94		shall use the Education Value Added Assessment System (EVAAS) or a
95		compatible and comparable system approved by the State Board of
96		Education to analyze student data to identify root causes for problems and
97		determine actions to address them and to appropriately place students in
98		courses such as Math I. The plan must contain clear, unambiguous
99		targets, explicit indicators and actual measures, and expeditious time
100		frames for meeting measurement standards.
101		
102	d.	The plan must identify how staff development funds allocated to the
103		school will be used.
104		
105	e.	The plan must provide a duty-free lunch period for every teacher on a
106		daily basis or as otherwise approved by the school improvement team.
107		
108	f.	The plan must provide duty-free instructional planning time for every full-
109		time assigned classroom teacher, with the goal of providing an average of
110		at least five hours of planning time per week.
111		
112	g.	The plan must attempt to identify and eliminate unnecessary and
113	0	redundant reporting requirements for teachers and, to the extent
114		practicable, streamline the school's reporting system and procedures,
115		including requiring forms and reports to be in electronic form when
116		possible and incorporating relevant documents into the student accessible
117		components of the Instructional Improvement System.
118	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	components of the instructional improvement system.
119	h.	As part of the school system's efforts to maintain safe and orderly schools,
120	11.	the plan must address safety and discipline concerns. These concerns
120		include any special conditions at the school. The plan should include the
121		components of any positive behavior management or positive behavior
122		support programs that have been adopted at the school and should comply
123		with the requirements of policy 1510/4200/7270, School Safety, and all
124		protocols established by the superintendent or designee under that policy.
		protocols established by the supermendent of designee under that policy.
126	;	In accordance with policy 1210/4002 Depended Involvement, the plan must
127	i.	In accordance with policy 1310/4002, Parental Involvement, the plan must
128		identify the goals and strategies for parents to be involved in their child's
129		education and in the educational program of the school.
130		The also area (include a grant has 111 (1 1 1)
131	j.	The plan must include a process by which the school improvement team
132		will review the school improvement plan at least once a year. The annual

133 134 135 136 137			review process must include (1) a review of student scores on all state- and board-mandated tests and (2) a means for the school improvement team to modify the plan, if necessary, when the school has not met the expected growth score established by the state.
137 138 139 140 141		k.	The plan must require the principal to notify the superintendent if the school improvement team modifies a board-accepted school improvement plan.
142 143 144		1.	The plan must include strategies for meeting the educational objectives of the board (policy 3000, Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program).
145 146 147 148 149		m.	The plan must include intervention strategies for students who are not at grade-level proficiency or who are not likely to meet standards of promotion measured by other means (policy 3420, Student Promotion and Accountability).
149 150 151 152	3.	1	hal Components of the State-Plan One of the The school improvement plan may include any or all of the
153		follow	ring components.
154 155 156 157		a.	The plan may include a request to transfer state funds from one allotment category to another, as permitted by state law. The request must identify the funding allotment categories involved in the transfer and identify how the transfer will facilitate improving student performance.
158 159 160 161		b.	The plan may include a comprehensive conflict resolution plan, as provided in G.S. 115C-81.15, in order to help create a safe school.
161 162 163 164		c.	The plan may provide for the use of textbooks that have not been adopted by the State Board (see policy 3200, Selection of Instructional Materials).
165 166 167		d.	The plan may include innovative efforts to meet local educational goals. The following are examples of innovative efforts identified in board policies that the plan may address:
168 169 170 171			i. modifying the school calendar (see policy 3300, School Calendar and Time for Learning);
172 173 174 175			ii. implementing alternative scheduling of classes or other strategies intended to reduce transitional time and limit interference from non-instructional activities (policy 3300);
175 176			iii. adding hours of instructional time (policy 3300);

177			
178		iv.	providing additional means for evaluating instructional programs
179			(policy 3140, Evaluation of Instructional Programs);
180			
181		<b>v</b> .	developing and implementing pilot programs (policy 3110,
182			Innovation in Curriculum and Instruction);
183			
184		vi.	expanding the subject areas or objectives of the curriculum (policy
185			3100, Curriculum Development);
186			
187		vii.	eliminating curricula on subject areas or objectives that are not
188			state-required (policy 3100); and
189			
190		viii.	modifying the system-wide instructional and curriculum guides
191			(see policy 3115, Curriculum and Instructional Guides).
192			
193	4.	Development	and Review of the Plan
194		1	
195		School impro	vement teams should review student performance data from the
196		-	ool year in developing the school improvement plan. Based on the
197			data and when specific school standards are established by the State
198		•	perintendent shall establish the date by which school improvement
199		plans must be	· · · ·
200		1	
201		The principal	first shall present the proposed school improvement plan to all of
202			principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel,
203			sistants assigned to the school building for their review and vote by
204			The principal then shall submit the school improvement plan to the
205			t only if the proposed school improvement plan has the approval of
206			he staff who voted on the plan.
207		5 5	
208		The superinter	ndent or designee shall review the plans and seek legal review as
209		-	or to presenting the plans with written recommendations to the
210		• •	superintendent intends to recommend that a plan be rejected, the
211			t shall notify the principal of the school and explain the reasons for
212		-	The school improvement team may then submit a modified plan,
213			taff vote, to the superintendent. The superintendent should submit
214			rovement plans to the board at the earliest possible date.
215		1	1 1
216		The board wil	ll review the school improvement plans. The review of the school
217			nents of the plans must be in closed session. The board shall make
218		• •	e safety components of the plan. Neither the safety components of
219		-	the board's findings on the safety components of the plans may be
220		-	ninutes of the board.

221 222

223

224

225 226

227

228

229

230

231

232

238

254

255 256

257

258

259

260

261

262 263

264

After review of the school improvement plans, the board will accept or reject each school improvement plan. If a plan is rejected, the board will explain the specific reason(s) for the rejection.

- Any plan modified by the school improvement team after being rejected by the board must be resubmitted to the school personnel for vote and, upon majority approval, resubmitted to the superintendent for review. The superintendent shall resubmit the modified plan to the board with his or her recommendations as soon as is practical. The board will review the modifications along with any recommendations from the superintendent and accept or reject the plan.
- 233If the board and the school improvement team cannot reach agreement on the plan234within 60 days after its initial submission, the board or school may request to use235the dispute resolution process developed by the State Board under G.S. 115C-236105.20(b)(5). Alternatively, if use of the dispute resolution process is not237requested, the board may develop a school improvement plan for the school.
- A school improvement plan may be in effect for no more than two years. The 239 240 plan must be reviewed at least annually by the school improvement team in accordance with the review process established in the school's plan. If a school 241 242 does not earn an overall performance grade of at least a C or does not meet its 243 expected growth standard as established by the State Board or if more than 25% 244 of the students performed below grade level, the principal must submit to the 245 superintendent and the board a report of the school improvement team. The 246 report must explain the reasons for the standard(s) not being met and describe any 247 modifications that will be made in the school improvement plan. After 248 considering any recommendations of the superintendent, if the board is not 249 satisfied with the response of the school improvement team, the board may 250 suggest modifications to the plan or may vacate those portions of the plan that 251 impede student performance and require the school improvement team to revise 252 the plan. 253
  - 5. Elimination of Redundant or Unnecessary Reporting Requirements

If, at any time before or after the board approves the school improvement plan, the school improvement team identifies a more expeditious manner of providing information to the board that will eliminate a redundant or unnecessary reporting requirement for teachers at its school, the team may make a written request to the superintendent to eliminate the redundant or unnecessary report. The superintendent shall recommend to the board whether the reporting requirement should be eliminated for that school. If the superintendent does not recommend elimination of the reporting requirement, the school improvement team may request a hearing by the board as provided in policy 2500, Hearings Before the Board.

265

266 267

268 269

270

271

272

273

274

275

277 278

279

280

281

282

284 285

286

287

288

289

6. Compliance with Requirements

Any employee, parent, or other interested party is encouraged to notify the principal of any concerns regarding compliance with this policy or G.S. 115C-105.27. In addition, any employee, parent, or other interested party may submit in writing to the superintendent concerns regarding compliance with this policy or G.S. 115C-105.27. The superintendent shall make a good faith effort to investigate the concern and shall provide a written response upon request.

276 C. POSTING THE SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN ONLINE

The school improvement plan, except for its school safety components which are not public record, must be posted on the school's website. The names and positions of the members of the school improvement team, along with the date of each member's election to the team, must also be posted on the website.

283 **D. STAFF DEVELOPMENT** 

The superintendent shall develop a process by which schools can learn from other schools' improvement plans. The superintendent and the schools are encouraged to use staff development resources to provide training to staff on the development, implementation, and evaluation of school improvement plans.

School administrators must be evaluated by their supervisors on the school-based
management process as required by board policy and state law and on the effectiveness of
the school improvement plan.

294Legal References: G.S. 115C-47(38), -81.15, -83.15, -84.2, -98, -105.20, -105.21, -105.25, -295105.26, -105.27, -105.32, -105.35, -105.37, -105.41(b), -301.1, -307(g); 143 art. 33C

296

293

297 Cross References: Parental Involvement (policy 1310/4002), School Safety (policy 298 1510/4200/7270), Compliance with the Open Meetings Law (policy 2320), Board Policies 299 (policy 2400), Hearings Before the Board (policy 2500), Goals and Objectives of the Educational 300 Program (policy 3000), Curriculum Development (policy 3100), Innovation in Curriculum and 301 Instruction (policy 3110), Curriculum and Instructional Guides (policy 3115), Lesson Planning 302 (policy 3120), Evaluation of Instructional Programs (policy 3140), Selection of Instructional 303 Materials (policy 3200), School Calendar and Time for Learning (policy 3300), Students at Risk 304 of Academic Failure (policy 3405), Student Promotion and Accountability (policy 3420) 305

Other Resources: North Carolina School Improvement Planning Implementation Guide, Version
2.3 – July 2016, N.C. State Board of Education/Department of Public Instruction, available at
https://www.dpi.nc.gov/media/4632/download

309

- 310 Adopted: January 19, 2016
- 311
- 312 Revised: February 19, 2018 (legal references only); December 17, 2018; [DATE]

